Reply under 37 CFR 1.116 **Expedited Procedure – Technology Center [2100]** 

**REMARKS** 

Claims 1-28 were previously pending in this application. In this response, claims

1, 10, and 19 are amended. No claims are canceled. Claims 1-28 remain pending.

**Claim Rejections** 

Claims 1 - 28 stand rejected under 35 USC §102(e) as being anticipated by U.S.

Patent 6,909,700 to Benmohamed et al. (hereinafter "Benmohamed"). The Applicant

respectfully traverses the rejection as follows.

In general, Benmohamad is directed to "methods and apparatus for designing

packet-based networks, and more particularly, for designing IP (Internet Protocol)

networks with performance guarantees" (see Benmohamed, col. 1, lines 19-22).

Benmohamed does not recite methods and apparatus for dynamically reorganizing

nodes in a dynamically reconfigurable network topology; in contrast, Benmohamed

discloses a system for designing the physical layout of a static physical network

topology. For example, the network topology input to the methods and apparatus of

Benmohamed "is provided in the form of a graph G=(V,E) where V is the set of nodes

corresponding to the points of presence (POPs where routers are located) and E is the

set of links which can be used to provide direct connectivity between the POPs" (see

Benmohamed, col. 4, lines 25-29).

In contrast, independent Claims 1, 10, and 19 are generally directed, inter alia,

to a method, computer program product, and system for an overlay network which may

be dynamically reorganized based on a number of factors. An overlay network may be

comprised of logical network nodes corresponding to physical network nodes and as

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such may be dynamically reconfigured. The logical nodes are fully functioning network

nodes and are connected by fully functioning network links. In contrast, the nodes and

links of Benmohamed are portions of information representing a node or a link between

nodes and as such are not functional in any way.

Rejections under 35 USC §102(e)

The Office Action rejected Independent Claims 1, 10, and 19, under 35 U.S.C. §

102(e) as being anticipated by Benmohamed, stating "determining a first cost associated

with a logical network link between an active node" is disclosed at column 3, lines 39-

40 of Benmohamed.

Column 3, lines 39-40 of Benmohamed read as follows:

...unless otherwise noted, the terms "node",

"switch," and "router" as used herein are interchangeable.

The rejection continues "and a first neighboring node of the active node

within an overlay network; determining a second cost associated with a proposed

logical network link between the first neighboring node and second neighboring

node of the active node within the overlay network; and reorganizing the overlay

network with a reorganization probability based on the first and second costs

and the degrees of the nodes" is disclosed at column 5, lines 12-32 of

Benmohamed.

Column 5, lines 12-32 of Benmohamed read as follows:

Referring to FIG. 2, one embodiment of a general

design algorithm 200 of the system proceeds as follows. First, the traffic mix  $F_1$  at each link is computed (by routing

processor 12) based on an initial network topology Gs

(from optimization processor 18) which is a subgraph of G,

the routing algorithm R, the link metric vector 1, and the

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set of IP demands F (step 202). Second, the capacity of each link required to satisfy the bandwidth demands in Fi is computed (by link capacity requirements processors 14 and 16) based on the type(s) of routers in the network, the different assumptions on congestion scenario, and in some cases the end-to-end delays of the TCP demands (step 204). Third, the design system determines whether the final network design (by optimization processor 18) is obtained (step 206). If not, in step 208, the network topology is perturbed (by optimization processor 18) and the new network cost is evaluated in accordance with steps 202 and 204. This design iteration is then repeated until the final network design is obtained. The results of the final design are output (step 210), e.g., in the form of information displayed to the user of the design system, including: (1) the vector  $\vec{C}$ ; (2) the route of each traffic flow  $f_i$ ; and (3) the corresponding network cost.

## Claim 1 has been amended as follows:

## 1. A method comprising:

determining a first cost associated with a logical network link between an active node and a first neighboring node of the active node within an overlay network;

determining a second cost associated with a proposed logical network link between the first neighboring node and a second neighboring node of the active node within the overlay network; and

reorganizing the overlay network to replace the logical network link with the proposed logical network link in the overlay network with a reorganization probability based on the first cost and second cost and the <u>size of a neighbor list of the active node</u>, the <u>size of a neighbor list of the first neighboring node</u>, and the <u>size of a neighbor list of the second neighboring node</u>.

The cited section of Benmohamed discloses an initial network topology  $G_s$  which is a subgraph of G. Benmohamed discloses G at column 4, lines 24 as "an

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initial backbone network topology". Benmohamed further discloses G at column

4, lines 25-29 as "the form of a graph G=(V,E) where V is the set of nodes

corresponding to the points of presence (POPs where routers are located) and E

is the set of links which can be used to provide direct connectivity between the

POPs". A network graph or subgraph is known to those skilled in the art to be a

list of information related to nodes and a list of connections or links between the

nodes. A network graph or subgraph does not function as a physical network.

In contrast, an overlay network is implemented within a functioning

physical network; in particular, an overlay network functions within a functioning

physical network. The cited section of Benmohamed lacks the functionality to

implement an overlay network as the elements of the graph do not function in

any manner. Therefore, the initial network topology Gs as recited in the cited

section of Benmohamed is not a physical network, and furthermore can not

implement an overlay network as recited in Claim 1.

Even if the cited section of Benmohamed were to disclose an overlay

network, which it does not, any reorganization would have to be carried out in a

physical manner as no method for dynamically reorganizing any type of network

at all is disclosed. Any reorganization disclosed in Benmohamed is physically

carried out by a designer or another acting person acting in accordance with the

designer's instructions.

Therefore, as the cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose an

overlay network, it follows that Benmohamed can not disclose an active node, a

first neighboring node of the active node, or a logical link between the active

node and the first neighboring node of the active node within an overlay

network. In addition, because the cited section of Benmohamed does not

disclose an overlay network, it follows that the cited section of Benmohamed can

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not disclose a second neighboring node of the active node and can not disclose a logical link between a first neighboring node of the active node and a second neighboring node of the active node within an overlay network.

In particular, with respect to an active node, a first neighboring node, and a second neighboring node, the cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose any one or all of these elements. As discussed previously, the cited section of Benmohamed only discloses portions of information representing nodes and links between nodes in the form of a graph (*see* Benmohamed, col. 4, line 4 and lines 25–29). In contrast, the active node, first neighboring node, and second neighboring node of Claim 1 represent computing devices or resources on the overlay network. From the Specification of the Application, page 5, lines 1–15:

FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary overlay network 100 having self-organizing capabilities. The network 100 includes nodes 102, 104, 106, 108, 112, and 110, which represent computing devices or resources on the network 100. Each node is connected by a physical network link (e.g., physical network link 114). Physical network links may include intermediary networking devices (e.g., intermediary networking device 116), such as routers, proxy servers, etc. Communications between overlay nodes are passed through such physical network links. It should be understood that additional physical network links (not shown) may also be coupled to each node.

More particularly, with respect to a logical network link between an active node and a first neighboring node of the active node within an overlay network, the cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose a physical network, an overlay network, an active node, or a first neighboring node. Furthermore, the cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose a logical network link because the logical network link may only exist within the overlay network. That is, the cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose a functioning physical network

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and it follows that the cited section of Benmohamed cannot disclose an overlay

network and furthermore cannot disclose a logical network link between any

nodes whatsoever.

Therefore, as the cited section of Behmohamed fails to disclose a logical

network link, it follows that the cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose

determining the cost of a logical network link. In order to determine any type of

cost related to a logical network link between an active node and a first

neighboring node, the cited section of Benmohamed would be required to

disclose a functioning physical network and a functioning overlay network.

However, as the cited section of Benmohamed discloses neither, there can be no

determination of any type of cost of a logical network link. The same logic

applies to a second cost associated with a proposed logical network link between

the first neighboring node and a second neighboring node of the active node.

Furthermore, if the rejection is asserting that the cited section of

Benmohamed discloses a cost associated with networking properties of a

network link, the network cost disclosed in Benmohamed (see Benmohamed, col.

5, line 27 and line 33) is a monetary cost. For example, Benmohamed discloses

"in one embodiment, an iterative augmentation methodology is provided which

attempts to reduce network costs by packing small demands on the spare

capacity of some existing links rather than introducing additional poorly utilized

links into the network topology" (see Benmohamed, col. 2 lines 26-31).

If the rejection is asserting that either computing a traffic mix or

computing a bandwidth capacity is equivalent to determining the cost of a logical

network link, neither a mix of network traffic nor bandwidth capacities are costs

of any type. A mix of network traffic is an enumeration of the types of network

traffic at a given point in the network graph (which, as has been established

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earlier, is not a functioning network) and the result returned represents the mix,

not a cost of any type. Further, computing bandwidth capacities is again an

enumeration of the static, or fixed, data transmission capacity of a given point in

the network graph and as such, the result of such a computation is the

bandwidth capacity, not a cost of any type.

Finally, the cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose reorganizing

the overlay network to replace the logical network link with the proposed logical

network link with a reorganization probability based on the first and second

costs and the degrees of the nodes. As has been discussed, the cited section of

Benmohamed discloses a method and apparatus which utilizes a network graph

as input. A network graph is not a functioning network and therefore may not

implement a functioning overlay network. Therefore, it follows that because the

cited section of Benmohamed does not disclose an overlay network of any type,

the cited section of Benmohamed may not disclose reorganizing an overlay

network using any criteria at all.

Even if the cited section of Benmohamed were to disclose an overlay

network, which it does not, the cited section of Benmohamed does not make any

disclosure of a network node with a reorganization probability. For example,

Benmohamed discloses that the method is performed by the system (see

Benmohamed, col. 4, lines 12-13). Therefore, any criteria that may influence the

system of Benmohamed to alter the structure of the network graph is included in

the system itself and is not included in any of the data associated with a node or

link in the network graph.

Furthermore, the cited section of Behmohamed does not disclose

reorganizing the overlay network to replace a logical network link with a

proposed logical network link with a reorganization probability based on the first

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and second costs. Claim 1 has been amended such that the reorganization

probability is also based on the size of a neighbor list of the active node, the size

of a neighbor list of the first neighboring node, and the size of a neighbor list of

the second neighboring node. The cited section of Benmohamed does not

disclose an overlay network, and therefore does not disclose an active node, a

first neighboring node, or a second neighboring node within an overlay network.

If the rejection is asserting that the network graph disclosed at the cited

section of Benmohamed is a neighbor list, nowhere in the section is it disclosed

that the size of the graph is used in any way to influence the perturbation of the

network graph. Therefore, even if the cited section of Benmohamed were to

disclose any type of neighbor list, which it does not, it does not disclose using a

neighbor list or any other construct related to the size of the network graph as

part of any calculation.

Response To Arguments

The Applicant respectfully traverses the response to arguments as

follows. The applicant has amended Claims 1, 10, and 19. Also, the response to

arguments states, "furthermore Benmohamed et al. discloses the determination

and reorganization is based on each link which takes into account the size of a

node". As discussed with respect to Claim 1, Benmohamed does not disclose a

functioning network. In contrast, Benmohamed discloses a system utilizing a

network graph, or data representing network points, and a list of links between

those points.

Even if Benmohamed were to disclose a functioning network,

Benmohamed does not disclose taking into account the size of a node. In

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contrast, Benmohamed discloses taking into account a "network mix" (see

Benmohamed, col. 5, line 19), and a "capacity of each link" (see Benmohamed,

col. 5, line 18). Neither a network mix nor a link capacity are related to the size

of a node. A network mix is not related to the size of a node because a mix

typically relates to enumerating the types of elements on the network at a given

point. A capacity of each link is not related to the size of a node because a link

capacity is affected by network elements other than a node such as copper wire,

routers, switches, and the like.

Therefore, the Applicant respectfully disagrees with the substance of the

response to arguments for at least the reasons set forth above and requests that

the response to arguments be reconsidered and removed.

Claims 10 and 19 were rejected for similar reasons, and Claims 10 and

19 are allowable for at least the reasons set forth above with respect to Claim 1.

Each of Claims 2-9 depend from Claim 1 and are patentably distinct over

Benmohamed for at least the reasons set forth with respect to Claim 1. Each of

Claims 11-18 depend from Claim 10 and each of Claims 20-28 depend from

Claim 19 and are patentably distinct over Benmohamed for the reasons set forth

above.

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## CONCLUSION

Accordingly, in view of the above amendment and remarks it is submitted that the claims are patentably distinct over the prior art and that all the rejections to the claims have been overcome. Reconsideration and reexamination of the above Application is requested. Based on the foregoing, Applicants respectfully requests that the pending claims be allowed, and that a timely Notice of Allowance be issued in this case. If the Examiner believes, after this amendment, that the application is not in condition for allowance, the Examiner is requested to call the Applicant's attorney at the telephone number listed below.

If this response is not considered timely filed and if a request for an extension of time is otherwise absent, Applicants hereby request any necessary extension of time. If there is a fee occasioned by this response, including an extension fee that is not covered by an enclosed check please charge any deficiency to Deposit Account No. 50-0463

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